



The High School
Leckhampton

Equality Information & Objectives (Public Sector Equality Duty) Statement for Publication

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This Policy should be read in conjunction with:

DfE guidance for schools on the Public Sector Equality Duty 2011

- Equality Act 2010 - Advice for School Leaders, School Staff, Governing Bodies and Local Authorities (May 2014)
- Ofsted Inspection Schedule
- Monitoring Racist and Bullying Incidents Guidance 2010
- Accessibility Plan

The purpose of this policy is to set out The High School Leckhampton's commitment to equality and inclusion, and to set out how The High School Leckhampton intends to comply with the Equality Act 2010.

1. Mission Statement

At The High School Leckhampton we are committed to ensuring equality of education and opportunity for all students, staff, parents and carers receiving services from the school,

irrespective of race, disability, sex, sexual orientation, gender reassignment, religion or belief, pregnancy and maternity, marriage and civil partnership and age (for staff only).

We will adhere to the legal definitions of these protected characteristics as set out in the Equality Act 2010.

We aim to develop and maintain a culture of inclusion and diversity, in which all those connected with the school feel proud of their identity and able to participate fully in school life. The achievement of students will be monitored by race, sex, age and disability and we will use this data to support students, raise standards and ensure inclusive teaching. We will tackle discrimination through our positive approach to equality, challenging bullying and stereotypes and creating an environment which champions respect for all.

We believe that our diversity is a strength which should be respected and celebrated by all those who learn, teach and visit here.

The school intends that all its members, whether they are pupils or employees, should have opportunities to thrive.

2. Mainstreaming Equality into Policy and Practice

Teaching and Learning

The High School Leckhampton aims to provide all our students with opportunities to succeed, and to reach the highest level of personal achievement.

To do this we will:

- Use contextual data to improve the ways in which we provide support to individuals and groups of students
- Monitor achievement data by ethnicity, gender and disability and action any gaps, including providing targeted support where appropriate
- Take account of the achievements of all students when planning for future learning and setting challenging targets
- Ensure equality of access for all students and prepare them for life in a diverse society
- Use materials that reflect the diversity of the school population and local community which do not stereotype but which do expose students to a range of thoughts and ideas
- Promote attitudes and values that will challenge racist and other discriminatory behaviour or prejudice
- Provide opportunities for students to appreciate their own culture and also to celebrate the diversity of other cultures
- Seek to involve all parents in supporting their child's education
- Encourage classroom and staffroom discussion of all equality issues
- Include teaching and classroom-based approaches which are inclusive of our diverse range

of students

- Seek to involve the community around the school in celebrating and raising awareness of cultural diversity

Admissions and Exclusions

Our admission arrangements are fair and transparent, and do not discriminate with reference to the Protected Characteristics or socio-economic factors. Exclusions will always be based on the school's Behaviour Policy. We will closely monitor exclusions to avoid any potential adverse impact and ensure any disproportionality is identified and dealt with.

3. Equal Opportunities for Staff

Equality of Opportunities for Staff

The High School Leckhampton is committed to the implementation of equal opportunities principles and the monitoring and active promotion of equality in all aspects of staffing and employment. All staff appointments and promotions are made on the basis of merit and ability and in compliance with the law. However, we are concerned to ensure wherever possible that the staffing of the school reflects the diversity of our community.

Employer Duties

As an employer we will ensure that we eliminate discrimination, victimisation and harassment in our employment practice and advance equality across all groups within our workforce.

Aspects of Equality (age, sex, race, disability, sexual orientation, gender re-assignment, marriage and civil partnership, pregnancy and maternity and religion and belief) are considered when appointing staff and particularly when allocating Teaching and Learning Responsibilities (TLR) or re-evaluating staff structures, to ensure decisions do not unlawfully discriminate against any person.

Actions we will take to ensure that this commitment is met include:

- Monitoring recruitment and retention including bullying and harassment of staff
- Providing continued professional development opportunities for all staff, which are monitored as part of the performance management process

4. Equality and the Law

The High School Leckhampton will ensure it does not unlawfully discriminate against its students, prospective students, employees, Governors, Trustees and Members, job applicants, or parents / carers in the performance of their duties or in applying its policies and practices.

Unlawful Discrimination involves treating someone less (or more) favourably than a "comparator".

Harassment (which is a form of discrimination) means violating someone's dignity, or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for them.

Victimisation involves treating a person less favourably because of a previous complaint.

We recognise that discrimination can occur in the following ways and will actively work to alleviate it:

- Direct discrimination
- Indirect discrimination
- Discrimination arising from disability including failure to make reasonable adjustments and provide auxiliary aids and services
- Harassment
- Victimisation

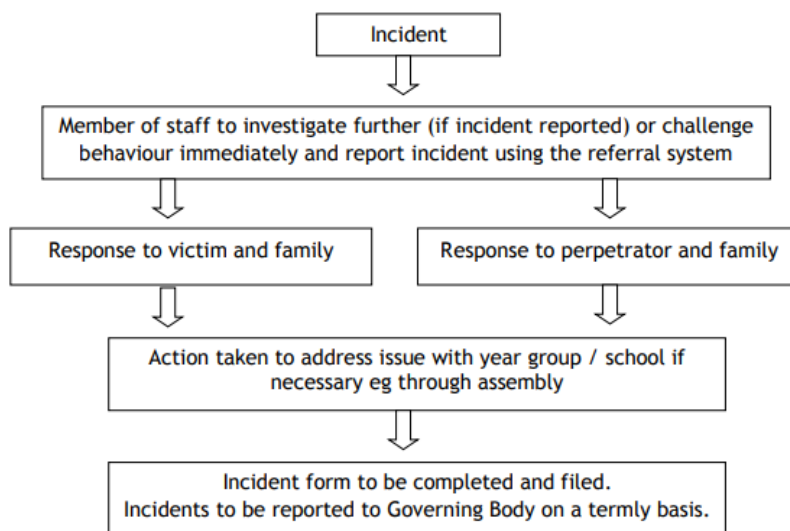
Accessibility

The High School Leckhampton has in place a published Accessibility Plan. This is resourced, implemented, reviewed and revised as necessary and reported on annually. We will work actively to anticipate the needs of staff and students who have a disability and will ensure their inclusion by making reasonable adjustments. When considering whether a request for a reasonable adjustment can be met we will consider the following factors:

- How effective the change will be in assisting the disabled person
- Its practicality
- The cost
- The resources and size of school
- The availability of any financial support
- Any safety issues

Responding to and Reporting Incidents

It should be clear to students and staff how they report incidents. All staff, teaching and nonteaching, should view dealing with incidents as vital to the well-being of the whole school.



5. The General and Public Sector Equality Duties

The Equality Act 2010 introduced a single equality duty for all public bodies, including schools. This Duty replaced previous Equality Duties and applies in respect of all Protected Characteristics – age, sex, sexual orientation, marriage, gender reassignment, race, disability, pregnancy and maternity, religion or belief.

The Equality Duty has three aims. It states that the school will, in the discharge of its functions, have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the act
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not
- Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not

The High School Leckhampton will tackle discrimination by:

- Recording and reporting all racist incidents and prejudice related bullying incidents
- Taking appropriate action in line with the school's Behaviour Policy

The High School Leckhampton is committed to advancing equality of opportunity by:

- Removing or minimising disadvantage
- Taking steps to meet the needs of students, parents/carers and staff
- Encouraging participation in any activity in which participation of protected groups is disproportionately low

The High School Leckhampton will foster good relations by:

- Promoting understanding between students from different backgrounds.

The High School Leckhampton will ensure that a clear procedure is in place to enable all students and staff to report any incidents which are of concern. All staff will be encouraged to consider dealing with such incidents as a vital aspect of well-being for the whole school.

In addition to the general Equality Duty schools are also subject to the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) which was introduced by subsequent Equality Regulations.

The PSED sets out requirements for public bodies (including schools) to set and publish equality objectives and publish information which will demonstrate how the school is complying with the aims of the Equality Duty and meeting the objectives it has set.

In order to comply with the requirements of the PSED we will:

- 1.** Collect and publish school equality information annually. The High School Leckhampton will undertake routine equality monitoring of our students across a number of areas including admissions, exclusions, progress and attainment. The High School Leckhampton will also undertake routine equality monitoring of our staff.

We will collect the following workforce information:

- The number of part-time / full-time staff and analysis of race, gender and disability
- Grievances and dismissals

The High School Leckhampton will publish school equality information annually as part of the Headteacher's report to governors.

2. Undertake engagement activity with protected groups annually The High School Leckhampton will undertake engagement activity annually with protected groups to ensure that those who are affected by a policy or activity are consulted and involved in the design of new and the review of existing policies. Engagement activity will include:

- Surveys
- House and Student Councils
- Parents evenings

3. Identify and publish school equality and accessibility objectives

The High School Leckhampton will develop specific and measurable equality and accessibility objectives based on the evidence gathered and published and the engagement in which we have been involved. Objectives will meet the three aims of the general Equality duty. We will report annually on progress towards achieving them.

6. Roles and Responsibilities

The Role of Governors

The Governing Body has set out its commitment to equal opportunities in this policy and will continue to do all it can to ensure that the school is fully inclusive and meets the needs of both students and prospective students. The Governing Body seeks to ensure that no-one seeking employment at the school will be subject to any kind of unlawful discrimination. It will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the school environment is accessible to adults and children who have disabilities. It will strive to make school communications as inclusive as possible for parents, carers and students.

The Governing Body will ensure that no child is discriminated against whilst in our school on account of any of the protected characteristics and ensures that all reasonable adjustments are made for disabled students. The Governing Body is itself subject to the terms of the Equality Policy and routine equality monitoring checks. The Governing Body is liable for any breaches of Equality legislation. It is also liable for the actions of its employees and agents of the school, unless it can show that it took all reasonable steps to prevent discrimination, harassment or victimisation taking place.

The Role of the Headteacher

The Headteacher is responsible, with the support of the Governing Body, for the implementation of the school's Equality Policy. The Headteacher will ensure that all staff are aware of the Equality Policy and their responsibilities within it, and that teaching and non-teaching staff are given appropriate training and support to apply this policy fairly in all

situations. The Headteacher will ensure that all appointment panels give due regard to this Policy, so that no-one is discriminated against in respect of employment or training opportunities.

The Headteacher will promote Equality principles and standards when developing the curriculum and promote respect for other people and equal opportunities to participate in all aspects of school life. The Headteacher will consider all incidents of unfair treatment and any incidents of bullying or discrimination, including racist incidents, as matters of grave concern.

The Role of all Staff: Teaching and Non-Teaching

All staff will ensure that all students and members of staff are treated fairly, equally and with respect and will promote and maintain awareness of the school's Equality Policy. All staff will strive to provide curriculum material which includes positive images and challenges stereotypical images and assumptions.

All staff will challenge any incidents of bullying, prejudice, racism or homophobia, and will record any serious incidents, drawing them to the attention of the Headteacher. Teachers will support the work of ancillary or support staff and support and encourage positive intervention in respect of any discriminatory incidents. Staff are personally responsible for acts of discrimination, harassment or victimisation which they carry out during their employment.

7. Review of Progress and Impact

This policy has been agreed by the school's Governing Body. The High School Leckhampton has a rolling programme for reviewing school policies and their impact. In line with legislative requirements, Governors will review progress against its Equality Policy annually and monitor the school's equality and accessibility objectives annually as part of school improvement planning.

The school makes regular assessments of students' learning and uses this information to track student progress. As part of this process, the school regularly monitors achievement by ethnicity, gender and disability, to ensure that all groups of students are making the best possible progress and take appropriate action to address any gaps.

Annex A: Protected Characteristics

The protected characteristics for the school's provisions are:

- Disability
- Gender reassignment
- Pregnancy and maternity
- Race
- Religion or belief
- Sex
- Sexual orientation
- Marriage and civil partnership

Age and marriage and civil partnership are NOT protected characteristics for the school's provisions, but do apply to staff.

Disability

A person is a disabled person (someone who has the protected characteristic of disability) if they have a physical and/or mental impairment which has what the law calls 'a substantial and longterm adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities'. There is no need for a person to have a medically diagnosed cause for their impairment; what matters is the effect of the impairment not the cause.

In relation to physical impairment:

- Conditions that affect the body such as arthritis, hearing or sight impairment (unless this is correctable by glasses or contact lenses), diabetes, asthma, epilepsy, conditions such as HIV infection, cancer and multiple sclerosis, as well as loss of limbs or the use of limbs are covered
- HIV infection, cancer and multiple sclerosis are covered from the point of diagnosis
- Severe disfigurement (such as scarring) is covered even if it has no physical impact on the person with the disfigurement, provided the long-term requirement is met (see below)
- People who are registered as blind or partially sighted, or who are certified as being blind or partially sighted by a consultant ophthalmologist, are automatically treated as disabled under the Act. Mental impairment includes conditions such as dyslexia and autism as well as learning disabilities such as Down's syndrome and mental health conditions such as depression and schizophrenia.

The other tests to apply to decide if someone has the protected characteristic of disability are:

- The length the effect of the condition has lasted or will continue: it must be long term. 'Long term' means that an impairment is likely to last for the rest of the person's life, or has lasted at least 12 months or where the total period for which it lasts is likely to be at least 12 months. If the person no longer has the condition but it is likely to recur or if the person no longer has the condition, they will be considered to be a disabled person

- Whether the effect of the impairment is to make it more difficult and/or time-consuming for a person to carry out an activity compared to someone who does not have the impairment, and this causes more than minor or trivial inconvenience
- If the activities that are made more difficult are 'normal day-to-day activities' at work or at home
- Whether the condition has this impact without taking into account the effect of any medication the person is taking or any aids or assistance or adaptations they have, like a wheelchair, walking stick, assistance dog or special software on their computer. The exception to this is the wearing of glasses or contact lenses where it is the effect while the person is wearing the glasses or contact lenses, which is taken into account.

Progressive conditions and those with fluctuating or recurring effects are included, such as depression, provided they meet the test of having a substantial and long-term adverse effect on a person's ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities.

Gender Reassignment

Gender reassignment is a personal process (rather than a medical process) which involves a person expressing their gender in a way that differs from or is inconsistent with the physical sex they were born with. This personal process may include undergoing medical procedures or, as is more likely for school students, it may simply include choosing to dress in a different way as part of the personal process of change.

A person will be protected because of gender reassignment where they:

- make their intention known to someone – it does not matter who this is, whether it is someone at school or at home or someone like a doctor: once they have proposed to undergo gender reassignment they are protected, even if they take no further steps or they decide to stop later on they do not have to have reached an irrevocable decision that they will undergo gender reassignment, but as soon as there is a manifestation of this intention they are protected
- start or continue to dress, behave or live (full-time or part-time) according to the gender they identify with as a person
- undergo treatment related to gender reassignment, such as surgery or hormone therapy, or
- have received gender recognition under the Gender Recognition Act 2004. It does not matter which of these applies to a person for them to be protected because of the characteristic of gender reassignment. This guidance uses the term 'transsexual person' to refer to someone who has the protected characteristic of gender reassignment.

Pregnancy and Maternity

The Act lists pregnancy and maternity as a protected characteristic. Pregnancy and maternity discrimination is covered in Section 2.

Race

Race means a person's:

- colour, and/or
- nationality (including citizenship), and/or
- ethnic or national origin and a racial group is composed of people who have or share a colour, nationality or ethnic or national origins.

A person has the protected characteristic of race if they belong to a particular racial group, such as 'British people'.

Racial groups can comprise two or more racial groups such as 'British Asians'.

Religion or Belief

The protected characteristic of religion or belief includes any religion and any religious or philosophical belief. It also includes a lack of any such religion or belief.

A religion need not be mainstream or well known to gain protection as a religion. It must, though, be identifiable and have a clear structure and belief system.

Denominations or sects within religions may be considered a religion.

Cults and new religious movements may also be considered religions or beliefs. Belief means any religious or philosophical belief and includes a lack of belief.

'Religious belief' goes beyond beliefs about and adherence to a religion or its central articles of faith and may vary from person to person within the same religion.

A belief which is not a religious belief may be a philosophical belief, such as humanism or atheism.

A belief need not include faith or worship of a god or gods, but must affect how a person lives their life or perceives the world.

For a belief to be protected by the Equality Act:

- It must be genuinely held
- It must be a belief and not an opinion or viewpoint based on information available at the moment
- It must be a belief as to a weighty and substantial aspect of human life and behaviour
- It must attain a certain level of cogency, seriousness, cohesion and importance.
- It must be worthy of respect in a democratic society

It must be compatible with human dignity and not conflict with the fundamental rights of others

Sex

A person's sex refers to the fact that they are male or female. In relation to a group of people, it refers to either men or women or to either boys or girls.

Sexual Orientation means the attraction a person feels towards one sex or another (or both), which determines who they form intimate relationships with or are attracted to.

- Some people are only attracted to those of the same sex (lesbian women and gay men)

- Some people are attracted to people of both sexes (bisexual people)
- Some people are only attracted to the opposite sex (heterosexual people)

Everyone is protected from being treated worse because of sexual orientation, whether they are bisexual, gay, lesbian or heterosexual.

Sexual orientation discrimination also covers discrimination connected with manifestations of that sexual orientation.

Annex B: Equality Objectives

- To raise the attainment of disadvantaged students
- To anticipate the needs of incoming students for Year 9, such as traveller children
- To ensure improved access for disabled students in all new buildings
- To reduce the number of students who are persistently absent (above 10% absence rate)
- To ensure all staff receive appropriate training and opportunities for professional development